

E-SAFETY POLICY INCLUSIVE OF CYBER BULLYING, ACCEPTABLE USE AND SOCIAL MEDIA

This policy applies to the whole School inclusive of Boarding

This policy, is publicly available on the Ashwicke Hall School website and on request; a copy may be obtained from the School office. All who work, volunteer or supply services to our School have an equal responsibility to understand and implement this policy and its procedures, both within and outside of normal School hours and including activities away from School. This policy should be read and understood in conjunction with our Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy, Anti-Bullying Policy, Whistleblowing Policy and Staff Behaviour Policy (Staff Code of Conduct).

Monitoring and Review: This policy is subject to continuous monitoring, refinement and audit by the Executive Regional Director and the Principal who will also undertake a full annual review of this policy and procedures, inclusive of its implementation and the efficiency with which the related duties have been implemented. This review will be formally documented in writing. Any deficiencies or weaknesses recognised in arrangements or procedures will be remedied immediately and without delay. All staff will be informed of the updated/reviewed policy and it will be made available to them in either hard copy or electronic format.

Signed:

Reviewed: March 2019

Next Review Date: March 2020

Amanda Woods

Ms Amanda Woods
Principal

This policy was last reviewed agreed by the Executive Regional Director in March 2019 and will next be reviewed no later than March 2020 or earlier if significant changes to the systems and arrangements take place, or if legislation, regulatory requirements or best practice guidelines so require

Introduction: The primary purpose of this Policy is to safeguard students and staff at Ashwicke Hall School. It details the actions and behaviour required from students and members of staff in order to maintain a safe electronic environment and is based on current best practice drawn from a wide range of sources. In accordance with legislative requirements we have a whole School approach to e-safety. Our key message to keep students and young people safe is to be promoted and should be applied to both online and offline behaviours. Within our E-Safety Policy, we have clearly defined roles and responsibilities for online safety as part of the School's wider safeguarding strategy and how this links with our main Safeguarding Children-Child Protection Policy (please refer to our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy cited in related documents). Also see related documents to this E-safety Policy.

This policy informs and supports a number of other School policies, including our Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and our Preventing Radicalisation and Extremism Policy. The staff and student Acceptable Use Policies (AUPs) are central to the E-safety Policy and should be consulted alongside this policy. The E-safety Policy will be reviewed annually by the safeguarding team who will provide recommendations for updating the policy in the light of experience and changes in legislation or technologies. The Student Council will be consulted regarding any changes

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to the Student AUP (Acceptable Use Policy). All staff should read these policies in conjunction with the E-Safety Policy. This is particularly important with regard to the Prevent Strategy, as a large portion of cases of radicalisation happen through the online medium. Staff must be vigilant when dealing with such matters and ensure that they observe the procedure for reporting such concerns in line with that laid out in the Safeguarding and Child Protection and Preventing Radicalisation and Extremism Policies.

Roles and Responsibilities: Our nominated E-Safety Officer is Karen Hopkins, who has responsibility for ensuring that online safety is considered an integral part of everyday safeguarding practice. This role overlaps with that of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) role in all matters regarding safeguarding and E-safety.

Their roles will include ensuring:

- Young people know how to use the Internet responsibly and that parents and teachers have the right measures in place to keep students safe from exploitation or radicalisation.
- Students are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the Internet in School, including by establishing appropriate levels of filtering.
- To ensure that students use Information and Communications Technology (ICT) safely and securely and are aware of both external and peer to peer risks when using ICT, including cyberbullying and other forms of abuse.
- All staff, volunteers and the board will receive the appropriate training, guidance, time and resources to effectively implement online safety policies and procedures.
- Clear and rigorous policies and procedures are to be applied to the use/non-use of personal ICT equipment by all individuals who affect or come into contact with the early years setting. Such policies and procedures are to include the personal use of work-related resources.
- The Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) is to be implemented, monitored and reviewed regularly, and for ensuring all updates are to be shared with relevant individuals at the earliest opportunity.
- Monitoring procedures are to be transparent and updated as agreed in School policies.
- Allegations of misuse or known incidents are to be dealt with appropriately and promptly, in line with agreed procedures, and in liaison with other agencies, where applicable.
- Effective online safeguarding support systems are to be put in place, for example, filtering controls, secure networks and virus protection to ensure that the School's technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack.
- An appropriate level of authorisation is to be given to ICT users. Not all levels of authorisation will be the same - this will depend on, for example, the position, work role and experience of the individual concerned.
- That users may only access the networks and devices through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed.
- A current record of all staff and Students who are granted access to School ICT system is maintained.

Staff/Volunteers Use of IT Systems:

Access to the Internet and e-mail is provided to support the curriculum, support School administration and for staff professional development only. All staff must read and confirm by signature that they have read the 'Staff Code of Conduct for ICT) (please see appendices) before using any School ICT resource. In addition:

- All staff will receive annual update e-safety training.
- E-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities.
- Access to systems should be made by authorised passwords, which must not be made available to any other person.
- At all times take care to ensure the safe keeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse, using personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices. Staff are advised to follow the "How do I stay secure on the Internet?" section in the E-Safety FAQ document.

- In lessons where Internet use is pre-planned, students should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in Internet searches.
- Where students are allowed to freely search the Internet, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the students visit.
- Occasionally students may need to research educational material that may normally result in websites being blocked (e.g. racism). In this situation, staff may request to remove these sites from the filtered list for the period of study. Every request to do so should be auditable with clear reasons for the need.
- The Internet can be used actively gather personal information about individuals which may lead to undesirable consequences (e.g. SPAM, fraud, harassment or identity theft). Because of this, staff are advised to only use the School approved web browsers and email systems which have appropriate security in place. Additionally, files should not be saved directly from the Internet unless they can first be scanned for computer viruses, malware, spyware and other malicious programmes.
- Additionally, staff should not communicate with students through electronic methods such as social networking sites, blogging, chat rooms, texts or private email. Instead, only the School email system should be used for this purpose.
- Educational materials made by and for classes and uploaded to the School password YouTube channel, i.e. videos of lessons, activities or fieldtrips, must be logged for record-keeping purposes. This provides an opportunity to share best practices and resources and enable better teaching and learning outcomes.

Any person suspecting another of deliberate misuse or abuse of technology should take the following action:

1. Report in confidence to the School's E-Safety Officer.
2. The E-Safety Officer should investigate the incident.
3. If this investigation results in confirmation of access to illegal material, the committing of illegal acts, or transgression of School rules, appropriate sanctions will be enforced.
4. In exceptional circumstances, where there are reasonable grounds to suspect that a user has committed a serious criminal offence, the CEOP or the police will be informed.
5. No student or member of staff should attempt to access or view the material, whether online or stored on internal or external storage devices. If this step is necessary, CEOP and/or police will be contacted.

Systems and Access – guidance for staff

- You are responsible for all activity on School systems carried out under any access/account rights assigned to you, whether accessed via School ICT equipment or your own device
- Do not allow any unauthorised person to use School ICT facilities and services that have been provided to you
- Ensure you remove portable media from your computer when it is left unattended
- Use only your own personal logons, account IDs and passwords and do not allow them to be used by anyone else
- Keep your screen display out of direct view of any third parties when you are accessing personal, sensitive, confidential or classified information
- Ensure you lock your screen before moving away from your computer during your normal working day to protect any personal, sensitive, confidential or otherwise classified data and to prevent unauthorised access
- Ensure that you logoff from the PC completely when you are going to be away from the computer for a longer period of time
- Do not introduce or propagate viruses
- It is imperative that you do not access, load, store, post or send from School ICT any material that is, or may be considered to be, illegal, offensive, libellous, pornographic, obscene, defamatory, intimidating, misleading or disruptive to the School or may bring the School into disrepute. This includes, but is not limited to, jokes, chain letters, files, emails, clips or images that are not part of the School's business activities; sexual comments or images, nudity, racial slurs, gender specific comments, or anything that would offend someone on the basis of their age, sexual orientation, religious or political beliefs, national origin, or disability (in accordance with the Sex Discrimination Act, the Race Relations Act and the Disability Discrimination Act)

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- Any information held on School systems, hardware or used in relation to School business may be subject to The Freedom of Information Act
- Where necessary, obtain permission from the owner or owning authority and pay any relevant fees before using, copying or distributing any material that is protected under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1998
- Any storage devices no longer used by the school, which may have held personal or confidential data, are 'scrubbed' in way that means the data can no longer be read.

Teaching and Learning: Internet use is part of the curriculum and a necessary tool for learning. The Internet is a part of everyday life for education, business and social interaction. Students use the Internet widely outside School and need to learn how to evaluate Internet information and to take care of their own safety and security. E-safety is a focus in all areas of the curriculum and key e-safety messages are reinforced regularly, teaching students about the risks of Internet use, how to protect themselves and their peers from potential risks, how to recognise suspicious, bullying or extremist behaviour and the consequences of negative online behaviour. We recognise that Peer-on-Peer abuse can occur online and to this end we teach students how to spot early warning signs of potential abuse, and what to do if students are subject to sexual harassment online.

Staff should be vigilant in lessons where students use the Internet. If staff allow the use of mobile devices in their lessons, they must ensure that they are used in line with School policy. Staff will be provided with sufficient e-safety training to protect students and themselves from online risks and to deal appropriately with e-safety incidents when they occur. Ongoing staff development training includes training on online safety, together with specific safeguarding issues including cyberbullying and radicalisation. The frequency, level and focus of such training will depend on individual roles and requirements

The School's Internet access is designed to enhance and extend education. Students will be taught what Internet use is acceptable and what is not and given clear guidelines for Internet use. Access levels reflect the curriculum requirements and age of students. Staff should guide students to on-line activities that will support the learning outcomes planned for the students' age and maturity. Students are taught to be critically aware of the materials they read and shown how to validate information before accepting its accuracy. The evaluation of on-line materials is a part of teaching/learning in every subject.

Students Use of IT Systems: All students must agree to the IT Acceptable Use Policy before accessing the School systems. Students at Ashwicke Hall School will be given supervised access to our computing facilities and will be provided with access to filtered Internet and other services operating at the School. Internet filtering also applies to our school WIFI service where pupils access the internet through their own devices. The promotion of online safety within ICT activities is to be considered essential for meeting the learning and development needs of students and young people. The School will ensure that the use of Internet-derived materials by staff and students complies with copyright law. Ashwicke Hall School will help students to understand the risks posed by adults or young people, who use the Internet and social media to bully, groom, abuse or radicalise other people, especially students, young people and vulnerable adults. Internet safety is integral to the School's ICT curriculum and is also be embedded in our Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHEE) and Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural (SMSC) Development. The latest resources promoted by the DfE can be found at:

- The UK Safer Internet Centre (www.saferinternet.org.uk)
- CEOP's Thinkuknow website (www.thinkuknow.co.uk)
- The UK Safer Internet Centre (www.saferinternet.org.uk)

Communicating and Educating Parents/Guardians in Online Safety: Parents will be provided with a copy of the IT User Acceptance Policy, and parents will be asked to sign it, as well as students. Ashwicke Hall School recognises the crucial role that parents play in the protection of their students with regards to online safety. The School organises an annual awareness session for parents with regards to e-safety which looks at emerging technologies

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and the latest ways to safeguard students from inappropriate content. The School will also provide parents and carers with information through newsletters, web site and the parent portals. Parents and guardians are always welcome to discuss their concerns on e-Safety with the School, who can direct them to the support of our E-Safety Officer if required. Parents and carers will be encouraged to support the School in promoting good E-Safety practice.

Protecting Personal Data: Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR). The School recognises that if required, data may need to be obtained by relevant parties such as the Police.

Radicalisation and the Use of Social Media to Encourage Extremism: The Internet and the use of social media in particular has become a major way to communicate with others, especially young people, which has provided access for like-minded people to create an online community and confirm extreme beliefs, sharing extreme ideological views or advocating the use of violence to solve problems. This has led to social media becoming a platform for:

- Intensifying and accelerating the radicalisation of young people;
- Confirming extreme beliefs;
- Accessing likeminded people where they are not able to do this off-line, creating an online community;
- Normalising abnormal views and behaviours, such as extreme ideological views or the use of violence to solve problems and address grievances.

Ashwicke Hall School has a number of measures in place to help prevent the use of social media for this purpose:

- Web site filtering is in place to help prevent access to terrorist and extremist material and social networking sites such as Facebook, Instagram or Twitter by students.
- Students, parents and staff are educated in safe use of social media and the risks posed by on-line activity, including from extremist and terrorist groups.

Further details on how social media is used to promote extremism and radicalisation can be found in guidance from the Department for Education '*How Social Media Is Used to Encourage Travel to Syria and Iraq: Briefing Note for Schools.*'

Reporting of E-Safety Issues and Concerns Including Concerns Regarding Radicalisation: Ashwicke Hall School has clear reporting mechanisms in place, available for all users to report issues and concerns. For staff, any concerns regarding e-safety should be made to the E-safety Officer who will review the issue and take the appropriate action. For students, they are taught to raise any concerns to their class teacher who will then pass this on to the e-safety officer. Complaints of a child protection nature must be dealt with in accordance with our Safeguarding Children-Child Protection Policy.

Our Designated Safeguarding Lead provides advice and support to other members of staff on protecting students from the risk of on-line radicalisation. Ashwicke Hall School ensures staff understand what radicalisation and extremism mean and why people may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism. We ensure staff have the knowledge and confidence to identify students at risk of being drawn into terrorism, and to challenge extremist ideas which can be used to legitimise terrorism. Staff safeguard and promote the welfare of students and know where and how to refer students and young people for further help as appropriate by making referrals as necessary to Channel.

Assessing Risks:

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- We will take all reasonable precautions to prevent access to inappropriate material. However, due to the international scale and linked nature of Internet content, it is not possible to guarantee that unsuitable material will never appear on a computer connected to the School network. The School cannot accept liability for any material accessed, or any consequences of Internet access.
- Personal devices such as mobile phones are not governed by the School's infrastructure in the same way and have the potential to bypass any and all security and filtering measures that are or could be deployed.
- Additionally, Ashwicke Hall School recognises that students may choose to circumvent certain safety precautions by using devices over 3G and 4G. To help provide a safe environment for all students, we will supplement our filtering systems with behaviour management and additional staff/student training.
- We will audit ICT use to establish if the E-Safety Policy is sufficiently robust and that the implementation of the E-Safety Policy is appropriate and effective.
- Methods to identify, assess and minimise risks will be reviewed regularly.
- The E-Safety Officer will review and examine emerging technologies for educational benefit and a risk assessment will be carried out before use in School is allowed.
- Any person not directly employed by the School will not be provided with access to any of the School systems with the exception of filtered *Wi-Fi* access.
- Ashwicke Hall School takes measures to ensure appropriate IT filters monitoring systems are in place to safeguard students from potentially harmful and inappropriate material on-line without unreasonable "over-blocking" (para 67, 69 and new Annex C of KCSIE 2016).
- Ashwicke Hall School recognises that students may choose to circumvent certain safety precautions by using devices over 3G and 4G. To help provide a safe environment for all students, we will supplement the systems filtering with behaviour management and additional staff/student training.

Internet Security and Filtering Systems

The Ashwicke Hall School security systems in place monitor and secure the internet traffic at the school. These systems are to keep everyone safe, from blocking inappropriate content, to protecting our ICT systems from cyber-attacks. The monitoring side plays an important part of the system, which helps us to identify ways to improve security, and to better protect those that use it. By default, the system blocks inappropriate websites, illegal or unsuitable content, including pornography.

Mobile Electronic Devices Mobile telephones are permitted both in boarding houses and in academic School buildings. During the School day phones are allowed in the classrooms but must be switched off and in keep in the student's school bag. Students may use their phones at break times and at set times in the boarding houses. Ashwicke Hall School students (all ages) are only allowed to have mobile phones in School with advance permission from parents, which is included in the parent acceptable use policy. This permission will be sought prior to the start of each School year. Mobile phones are kept on site at the risk of the individual student. If students bring mobile devices with them to lessons, these devices must be stored in bags, or left in their lockable storage in the dormitories. Ashwicke Hall School is not responsible for any devices lost by students.

Cyber-Bullying: is the use of ICT, particularly mobile electronic devices and the Internet, deliberately to upset someone else. Cyberbullying (along with all forms of bullying) will not be tolerated and incidents of cyberbullying should be reported and will be dealt with in accordance with the School's Anti-Bullying Policy. Use of electronic devices of any kind to bully, harass or intimidate others will not be tolerated and will constitute a serious breach of discipline. If there is a suggestion that a child is at risk of abuse or significant harm, the matter will be dealt with under the School's child protection procedures (see our Safeguarding Children-Child Protection Policy).

Seven categories of cyber-bullying have been identified:

- **Text message bullying** involves sending unwelcome texts that are threatening or cause discomfort;
- **Picture/video-clip bullying via mobile phone cameras** is used to make the person being bullied feel threatened

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or embarrassed, with images usually sent to other people. 'Happy slapping' involves filming and sharing physical attacks;

- **Phone call bullying via mobile phone** uses silent calls or abusive messages. Sometimes the bullied person's phone is stolen and used to harass others, who then think the phone owner is responsible. As with all mobile phone bullying, the perpetrators often disguise their numbers, sometimes using someone else's phone to avoid being identified;
- **Email bullying** uses email to send bullying or threatening messages, often using a pseudonym for anonymity or using someone else's name to pin the blame on them;
- **Chat room bullying and online grooming** involve sending menacing or upsetting responses to students or young people when they are in a web-based chat room;
- **Bullying through instant messaging (IM)** is an Internet-based form of bullying where students and young people are sent unpleasant messages through various messaging applications (for example, WhatsApp, Group Me, Skype, Facebook Messenger, Snapchat, Google Hangouts etc.) as they conduct real-time conversations online;
- **Bullying via websites and social networks (an example of this would be Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, Snapchat etc.)** includes the use of defamatory blogs (web logs), personal websites and online personal polling sites. There has also been a significant increase in social networking sites for young people, which can provide new opportunities for cyber-bullying.

Students should remember the following:

- Always respect others - be careful what you say online and what images you send.
- Think before you send - whatever you send can be made public very quickly and could stay online forever.
- Don't retaliate or reply online.
- Save the evidence - learn how to keep records of offending messages, pictures or online conversations. Ask someone if you are unsure how to do this. This will help to show what is happening and can be used by the School to investigate the matter.
- Block the bully. Most social media websites and online or mobile services allow you block someone who is behaving badly.
- Don't do nothing - if you see cyberbullying going on, support the victim and report the bullying.

Online Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment creates an atmosphere that, if not challenged, can normalise inappropriate behaviours and provide an environment that may lead to sexual violence. online sexual harassment include: non-consensual sharing of sexual images and videos and sharing sexual images and videos (both often referred to as sexting); inappropriate sexual comments on social media; exploitation; coercion and threats. Online sexual harassment may be standalone, or part of a wider pattern of sexual harassment and/or sexual violence. All cases or allegations of sexual harassment, online or offline, is unacceptable and will dealt with under our Child Protection Procedures.

Additionally, we recognise that incidents of sexual violence and sexual harassment that occur online (either in isolation or in connection to offline incidents) can introduce a number of complex factors. These include the potential for the incident to take place across a number of social media platforms and services and for things to move from platform to platform online. It also includes the potential for the impact of the incident to extend further than the school's local community (e.g. for images or content to be shared around neighbouring schools/colleges) and for a victim (or alleged perpetrator) to become marginalised and excluded by both online and offline communities. There is also the strong potential for repeat victimisation in the future if abusive content continues to exist somewhere online. Online concerns can be especially complicated. Support is available at:

- The UK Safer Internet Centre provides an online safety helpline for professionals at 0344 381 4772 and helpline@saferinternet.org.uk. Providing expert advice and support for school staff with regard to online safety issues and when an allegation is received.
- If the incident involves sexual images or videos that have been made and circulated online, we will support the victim to get the images removed through the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF). The IWF will make an

assessment of whether the image is illegal in line with UK Law. If the image is assessed to be illegal, it will be removed and added to the IWF's Image Hash list.

Social Media, including Facebook and Twitter

Facebook, Twitter and other forms of social media are increasingly becoming an important part of our daily lives.

- Staff are not permitted to access their personal social media accounts using School equipment at any time, unless granted prior permission by the Principal for reasons of work
- Staff are able to setup Social Learning Platform accounts, using their School email address, in order to be able to teach students the safe and responsible use of Social Media
- Staff, students are provided with information on how to use social media responsibly and what to do if they are aware of inappropriate use by others
- Staff, students, are aware that the information, comments, images and video they post online can be viewed by others, copied and stay online forever

Staff, students are aware that their online behaviour should at all times be compatible with UK law.

Social media is very likely to play a central role in the fall out from any incident or alleged incident. There is the potential for contact between victim and alleged perpetrator and a very high likelihood that friends from either side could well harass the victim or alleged perpetrator online.

ICT-Based Sexual Abuse: The impact on a child of ICT-based sexual abuse is similar to that for all sexually abused students. However, it has an additional dimension in that there is a visual record of the abuse. ICT-based sexual abuse of a child constitutes significant harm through sexual and emotional abuse. Recognition and response is recognising a situation where a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer a degree of physical, sexual and/or emotional harm (through abuse or neglect) which is so harmful that there needs to be compulsory intervention by child protection agencies into the life of the child and their family. All adults (volunteers, staff) working with students, adults and families will be alerted to the possibility that:

- A child may already have been/is being abused and the images distributed on the Internet or by mobile telephone;
- An adult or older child may be grooming a child for sexual abuse, including involvement in making abusive images. This process can involve the child being shown abusive images;
- An adult or older child may be viewing and downloading child sexual abuse images.

There are no circumstances that will justify adults possessing indecent images of students. Adults who access and possess links to such websites will be viewed as a significant and potential threat to students. Accessing, making and storing indecent images of students is illegal. This will lead to criminal investigation and the individual being barred from working with students, if proven. Adults should not use equipment belonging to the School to access adult pornography; neither should personal equipment containing these images or links to them be brought into the workplace. This will raise serious concerns about the suitability of the adult to continue to work with students. Adults should ensure that students are not exposed to any inappropriate images or web links. Where indecent images of students or other unsuitable material are found, the police and Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) should be immediately informed. Adults should not attempt to investigate the matter or evaluate the material themselves, as this may lead to evidence being contaminated, which in itself can lead to a criminal prosecution.

Chat Room Grooming and Offline Abuse: Our staff needs to be continually alert to any suspicious activity involving computers and the Internet. Grooming of students online is a faster process than usual grooming, and totally anonymous. The abuser develops a 'special' relationship with the child online (often adopting a false identity), which remains a secret to enable an offline meeting to occur in order for the abuser to harm the child.

Students are reminded that 'sexting' (sending or posting images or videos of a sexual or indecent nature) is strictly prohibited by the School and may constitute a criminal offence. The School will treat incidences of sexting (both

sending and receiving) as a safeguarding issue and students concerned about images that they have received, sent or forwarded should speak to any member of staff for advice.

Parental Involvement

We believe that it is essential for parents/carers to be fully involved with promoting E-Safety both in and outside of School and to be aware of their responsibilities. We regularly consult and discuss E-Safety with parents/ carers and seek to promote a wide understanding of the benefits of new technologies, together with the associated risks.

- Parents/carers are asked to read through and sign acceptable use agreements on behalf of their child on admission to the School.
- Parents/carers are required to make a decision as to whether they consent to images of their child being taken and used in the public domain (e.g., on School website).
- Parents/carers are expected to sign a Home School agreement containing the following statement.
- We will support the School approach to on-line safety and not deliberately upload or add any text, image, sound or videos that could upset or offend any member of the School community or bring the School name into disrepute.
- The School disseminates information to parents relating to eSafety where appropriate in the form of;
 - Posters
 - School website information

Taking and Storing Images of Students Including Mobile Phones

Ashwicke Hall School provides an environment in which students, parents and staff are safe from images being recorded and inappropriately used. Upon their initial visit, parents, volunteers and visitors are given information informing them they are not permitted to take photographs of students apart from at specific events, where clarification will be provided. This prevents staff from being distracted from their work with students and ensures the safeguarding of students from inappropriate use of mobile phone cameras and other digital recording equipment. The School will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate students about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images of themselves and others especially on social networking sites.
- Photographs published onto any website will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images. Care will be taken to ensure that students are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the School into disrepute. Their full names will not be used anywhere in the website, particularly in association with photographs.

N.B. The word 'camera' in this document refers to any device that may be used to take and store a digital image e.g. mobile phone, tablet, laptop etc. The School has a Mobile Phone Policy (which includes:

- The commitment to keep the students safe.
- How we manage the use of mobile phones at Ashwicke Hall School taking into consideration staff, students on placement, volunteers, other professionals, trustees, visitors and parents/carers.
- How we inform parents/carers, visitors and other professional of our procedures.
- What type of mobile phones will be used on educational visits and learning outside the classroom.
- The consequences of any breaches of this policy.
- Reference to other policies, such as Whistleblowing and Safeguarding Children-Child Protection Policies.

For more information relating to E-safety procedures, refer to the E-Safety Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

It covers the following topics on the relevant page as follows:

- 1 How will the policy be introduced to students? How will staff be consulted and made aware of this policy? How will complaints regarding Internet use be handled? How will parents' support be enlisted?

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- 2 Why is the use of Internet and ICT important? How is the safe use of ICT and the Internet promoted? How does the Internet and use of ICT benefit education in our School? How will students learn to evaluate Internet content?
- 3 How is filtering managed? How are emerging technologies managed? How to react to misuse by students and young people
- 4 How is printing managed? What are the categories of Cyber-Bullying? What are the student rules?
- 5 What has research into Cyber Bullying found? What is the impact on a child of ICT based sexual abuse? What is the impact on a child of ICT-based sexual abuse? How do I stay secure on the Internet? Why is promoting safe use of ICT important? What does the School's Mobile Phone Policy Include?
- 6 Where can we learn more about Prevent? What do we have to do?
- 7 Do we have to have a separate *Prevent* Policy? What IT filtering systems must we have? What is the definition of a visiting speaker? Do we have to check all our visiting speakers? What checks must we run on visiting speakers? What do we have to record in our Single Central Register about visiting speakers?
- 8 What training must we have? What are the potential legal consequences if we do not take the *Prevent* duty seriously? What are the rules for publishing content online?

Related documents:

- E-Safety Appendices
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy; Anti-Bullying Policy; Behaviour and Discipline Policy.
- Prevent Duty: Preventing Radicalisation and Extremism Policy, Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development (SMSC); Personal; Personal Social, Health, Economic Education (PSHEE); Students Handbook
- Taking and storing images of Students – Including Mobile Phones Policy; Acceptable use of ICT Sign off forms for Staff/Students; Use of Photographs Sign-off Form.
- What to do if you are worried; www.thinkyouknow.co.uk.

Legal Status:

- Part 3, paragraphs 7 (a) and (b) of the Education (Independent School Standards) (England) Regulations 2014, in force from the 5th January 2015 and as amended in September 2015
- *Keeping Students Safe in Education (KCSIE) Information for all Schools and Schools* (DfE: September 2018) incorporates the additional statutory guidance, *Disqualification under the Childcare Act 2006* (February 2015) and also refers to non-statutory advice for teachers, *What to do if you're worried a child is being abused* (HM Government: March 2015)
- *Working Together to Safeguard Students* (WT) (HM Government: 2018) which also refers to non-statutory advice, *Information sharing* HM Government: March 2015); *Prevent Duty Guidance: for England and Wales* (March 2015) (*Prevent*). *Prevent* is supplemented by *The Prevent duty: Departmental advice for Schools and childminders* (June 2015) and *The use of social media for on-line radicalisation* (July 2015) *How Social Media Is Used To Encourage Travel To Syria And Iraq: Briefing Note For Schools* (DfE)
- Based on guidance from the DfE (2014) 'Cyberbullying: Advice for Heads and School staff 'and 'Advice for parents and carers on cyberbullying'
- Prepared with reference to DfE Guidance (2014) *Preventing and Tackling Bullying: Advice for School leaders and governors* and the relevant aspects of *Safe to Learn, embedding anti-bullying work in Schools*.
- Having regard for the guidance set out in the DfE (*Don't Suffer in Silence* booklet)
- The Data Protection Act 1998; The General Data Protection Regulation 2018 (GDPR) BECTA and CEOP.